Numb. 1764

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday October 12. to Monday October 16. 1682.

Genoua, Sept. 27.

ON Monday last Sailed from hence the great Dukes Galleys, which had been forced into this Port by bad Weather, and took their course for *Legborne*. Two days since a French Vessel brought hither 130 Italian Soldiers, and a like number, we hear, is arrived at *Legborne*, the Regiment they were in, in the Service of *France*, being lately Disbanded. The Duke of *Cadaval* is expected in few days at *Villa-Franca*, in order to his returning home with the *Portugal* Fleet, and most people are very well pleased that the Duke of *Savoy* does not leave *Italy*, because of the consequences which they imagine his absence might have. Several small Vessels are come in here from *Marseilles*, but they bring no advice of the arrival of the French Galleys from the Coast of *Barbary*, which we somewhat wonder at.

Milan, Sept. 30. The Fortifications that are making at several places of this Dutchy, which lie most exposed, are almost finished; and the Magazines, which our Governor is providing, will likewise be very suddenly in the condition his Excellency designs them. A Spanish Regiment of Foot, and several Troops of Horse, are going to be raised for the service of this Country, and we are assured that our Governor will be supplied both with Men and Money from *Naples*, in case there be a pressing occasion for it.

Venice Octob. 3. The Letters we receive from *Turkey* do not speak of any thing of publick News, but the preparations that are making for War, and there are some which say that the Grand-Signior intends to go into the Field in Person the next Spring. From *Zara* in *Dalmatia* we have advice, That the Country People being very ill treated by a Party of about 150 Turks, had taken their opportunity to fall upon them, and to destroy every man of them; upon which the Senate have sent an Express to their Ambassador at *Constantinople*, to give him a true Information of this accident.

Vienna, Octob. 5. The account we had of Lieutenant-Colonel *Heysler*'s having surprized a Party of the Rebels in a small Village, and his having destroyed between three and four hundred of them, the rest flying into a neighbouring Forest, is confirmed by several Letters. We expect our next will tell us that General *Caprara*, who according to our last advices, lay encamped between *Trenchin* and *Leopolstadt*, on the River *Waag*, is decamped, and marched nearer the Enemy, the better to observe their motions, of which we have had here no particular account since the taking of *Villecke*. It was reported, That the Turks and Hungarians were separated, resolving for the future to act in two distinct Bodies, but that is now contradicted. In the mean time daily Councils are held here, to take the necessary Resolutions in so dangerous a conjuncture, and we are told that his Imperial Majesty has resolved to raise 17000 Men more; That he has already named several Colonels, and that they will have their Commissions so soon as they can be furnished with Moneys for the beginning their Levies. It is said here, That the King of *Sweden* will in a short time have 12000 Men in *Pomeren*, which he will employ for the Service of the Empire, as occasion shall require. The Imperial Troops continue their March towards *Hungary*, and when they are all joyned, they will make a very good Army. It was written in some Letters that came from the Upper *Hungary*, That the Grand-Signior had given that Country to Count *Teckeley*, with the Title of Duke, which we since find to be false, though it be true that several Pieces of Money, or rather Medals, have been seen with the Effigies of Count *Teckeley* upon them, under the Title of Duke.

Francfort, Octob. 9. In our last we gave you an account of the two Memorials which the French Ambassadors had delivered to the Imperial Ambassadors, and to the Deputies of the Empire, which have been since read in the Assembly of the said Deputies, and a Debate has been had thereupon, but without coming to any resolution therein, by reason of some disputes between several of the Deputies. We have an account from *Ratisbonne*, That Monsieur *Verjus*, the French Minister, has presented a Memorial to the States assembled there, which contains the same Declaration that has been made by the French Ambassadors here. At the same time our Letters from *Alsace* give us an account, That several Regiments of Horse had Orders to March towards *Lorrain* and the *Saar*, which makes us think the French design some Action on that side, in case they receive not a satisfactory Answer to the above-mentioned Memorials, before the last day of the next Month. Count *Waldeck* is gone to *Wurtsburg*, to have himself acknowledged General of the Forces of the Circles of *Franconia*, and of the Upper *Rhine*. The Elector of *Bavaria*'s Troops, to the number of 14000 Men, have been lately Mustered near *Munick*, and 8000 of them are to March towards *Hungary*, where, according to the present appearances of things, a great and heavy War is to be feared.

Hamburg, Octob. 9. The Troops of the Circle of the Lower *Saxony* have Orders to be in a Readiness to March; and it's said they are to pass the *Elbe*, in case the King of *Denmark* sends any Troops into *Holstein*, as it has been reported he intended to do; but the Interposition of the Dukes of *Lunenburg* will, it's hoped, keep things from going so far. From *Stockholm* they write, That the Sieur *Bassin*, the French Ambassador, still insisted upon several points of Ceremony at his publick Entry and Audience, which that Court, as being wholly new to them, will not grant, and that thereupon the said Ambassador had declared he had Orders to return